

```

PDEParabMp := proc (Listt, n, m, a, b, g, e, f, alfa1, beta1, alfa2, beta2, gama1, gama2, phi)
  local h, n1, u, i, j, h2, x, drov, d1, d2, d3, u0, uv, up, pp, p, q, r, s, pom, res;
  h := evalf((b-a)/n);
  n1 := n + 1;
  h2 := h^2;
  x := [seq(a + (i-1) * h, i = 1 ..n1)];
  u0 := [seq(phi(x[i]), i = 1 ..n1)];
  uv := Matrix(m + 1, n1, 0);
  d1 := [seq(0, i = 1 ..n-1)]; print(op(d1));
  d2 := [seq(0, i = 1 ..n-1)];
  d3 := [seq(0, i = 1 ..n-1)];
  up := [seq(0, i = 1 ..n-1)];
  pp := [seq(0, i = 1 ..n-1)];
  drov := [seq(0, i = 1 ..n-1)];
  #napo ítání koeficient v diferenciální rovnici
  for i from 1 to n-1 do
    d1[i] := evalf(g(x[i+1], j*k)/h2 - e(x[i+1], j*k)/(2*h));
    d2[i] := evalf(-2*g(x[i+1], j*k)/h2);
    d3[i] := evalf(g(x[i+1], j*k)/h2 + e(x[i+1], j*k)/(2*h));
  end do;
  # Dosezení okrajových podmínek do první a poslední rovnice
  p := 1/(2*h*alfa1-3*beta1(t));
  r := beta1(t)*p;
  pom := d1[1]*r;
  d2[1] := d2[1]-4*pom;
  d3[1] := d3[1]+pom;
  q := 1/(2*h*alfa2+3*beta2(t));
  s := beta2(t)*q;
  pom := d3[n-1]*s;
  d2[n-1] := d2[n-1]+4*pom;
  d1[n-1] := d1[n-1]-pom;
  # Výtvo ení soustavy diferenciálních rovnic
  for i from 1 to n-1 do
    up[i] := u[i](t);
    pp[i] := u[i](0) = u0[i];
  end do;
  for i from 2 to n-2 do
    drov[i] := D(u[i])(t) = d1[i]*u[i-1](t) + d2[i]*u[i](t) + d3[i]*u[i+1](t)
+ f(x[i+1], t, u[i](t));
  end do;
  drov[1] := D(u[1])(t) = d1[1]*gama1(t)*2*h*p + d2[1]*u[1](t) + d3[1]
* u[2](t) + f(x[2], t, u[1](t));
  drov[n-1] := D(u[n-1])(t) = d1[n-1]*u[n-2](t) + d2[n-1]*u[n-1](t) + d3[n-1]
* gama2(t)*2*h*q + f(x[n], t, u[n-1](t));
  # výpo et soustavy diferenciálních rovnic
  res := dsolve([op(drov), op(pp)], up, numeric);
  # Výpo et tabulky hodnot e-ení
  for i from 1 to n1 do
    uv[1, i] := u0[i];
  end do;
  for j from 2 to m + 1 do
    for i from 2 to n do

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        uv[j, i] := rhs((res(Listt[j]))[i]);
    end do;
    uv[j, 1] := gama1(Listt[j]) * 2 * h * p - 4 * r * uv[j, 2] + r * uv[j, 3];
    uv[j, n1] := gama2(Listt[j]) * 2 * h * q + 4 * s * uv[j, n] - s * uv[j, n - 1];
end do;
RETURN(eval(uv));
end proc:

```

P íklad 1:

```

phi := x → sin(evalf(Pi·x)) :
alfa1 := 1 :
beta1 := t → 0 :
alfa2 := 1 :
beta2 := t → 0 :
gama1 := t → 0 :
gama2 := t → 0 :
g := (x, t) → 1 :
e := (x, t) → 0 :
f := (x, t, y) → 0 :
n := 10 :
m := 10 :
h :=  $\frac{1.0}{n}$ ;
T := 1 :
Listt := [seq(evalf( $\frac{i \cdot T}{m}$ ), i = 0 .. m)];

```

0.1000000000

1

[0., 0.1000000000, 0.2000000000, 0.3000000000, 0.4000000000, 0.5000000000, 0.6000000000, 0.7000000000, 0.8000000000, 0.9000000000, 1.] (1.1)

```

vys := PDEParabMp(Listt, n, m, 0.0, 1.0, g, e, f, alfa1, beta1, alfa2, beta2, gama1, gama2, phi);
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0

```

[
]

11 x 11 Matrix
Data Type: anything
Storage: rectangular
Order: Fortran_order

(1.2)

```

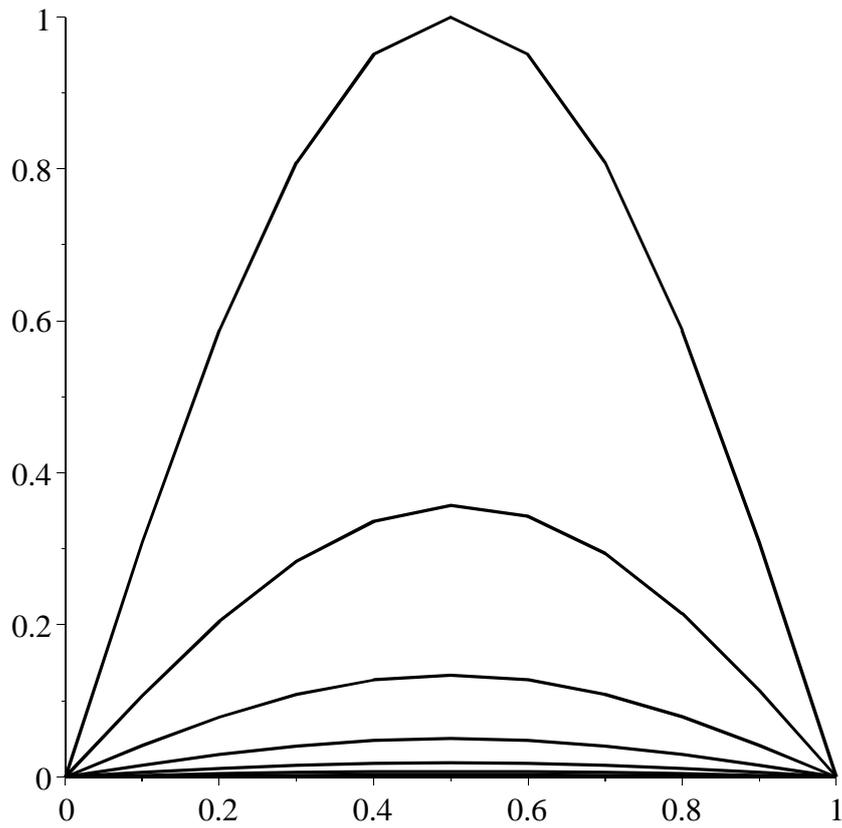
data := [seq([seq([0 + (i - 1) · h, vys[j, i]], i = 1 .. n + 1)], j = 1 .. m + 1)]:
with(plots) :

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display(seq(listplot(data[i]), i = 1 .. m));

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```

a := subs(1 .. m + 1 = 0 .. T, 1 .. n + 1 = 0 .. 1, matrixplot(vys[1 .. m + 1, 1 .. n + 1], labels = [t,
x, u])) :
display(a, view = [0 .. T, 0 .. 1, 0 .. 1]);

```

