

## Aplikační příklad 1.4

Pravá strana soustavy diferenciálních rovnic a variačních rovnic

```
function dy = ap4_var(x,y)

dy = zeros(size(y));

phi = 1; alpha = 20; beta = 0.1;

dy(1) = y(2);
dy(2) = phi^2 * y(1) * exp((alpha *beta*(1-y(1)))/(1+beta*(1-y(1))));
dy(3) = y(4);
dy(4) = phi^2 * exp((alpha *beta*(1-y(1)))/(1+beta*(1-y(1))))*(1 - y(1) * alpha *beta/(1+beta*(1-y(1))))^2 * y(3);

end
```

```

% y' = phi^2 * y * exp(alpha * beta * (1-y)/(1+beta(1-y))),
% y'(0)=0, y(1)=1
% phi = 1, alpha = 20, beta = 0.1

a = 0;
b = 1;

alpha1 = 0;
alpha2 = 1;
beta1 = 1;
beta2 = 0;
gamma1 = 0;
gamma2 = 1;

eps = 1e-6;
maxiter = 100;
Lx = linspace(a,b,20);

eta_0 = 1.0;
[y, eta] = MetodaStrelby(@ap4_var, a, b, alpha1, alpha2, beta1, beta2, gamma1, gamma2, eta_0, eps, maxiter, Lx);

if (~isempty(y))
    figure
    plot (Lx, y(:,1))
    title('Neizotermni vnitřní difuze v částici katalyzátoru tvaru desky')
    xlabel('x')
    ylabel('y(x)')
end

```

```

k = 0, eta = 1.000000000e+00
k = 1, eta = 1.47467642e-01, delta = 8.52532358e-01
k = 2, eta = 3.01445329e-01, delta = 1.53977687e-01
k = 3, eta = 3.67145050e-01, delta = 6.56997214e-02
k = 4, eta = 3.74458935e-01, delta = 7.31388425e-03
k = 5, eta = 3.74533368e-01, delta = 7.44329793e-05
k = 6, eta = 3.74533375e-01, delta = 7.54216378e-09

```

Reseni:

| x      | y(x)     |
|--------|----------|
| 0.000, | 0.374533 |
| 0.053, | 0.376217 |
| 0.105, | 0.381275 |
| 0.158, | 0.389720 |
| 0.211, | 0.401576 |
| 0.263, | 0.416874 |
| 0.316, | 0.435648 |
| 0.368, | 0.457934 |
| 0.421, | 0.483768 |
| 0.474, | 0.513177 |
| 0.526, | 0.546183 |
| 0.579, | 0.582793 |
| 0.632, | 0.622997 |
| 0.684, | 0.666769 |
| 0.737, | 0.714059 |
| 0.789, | 0.764796 |

|        |          |
|--------|----------|
| 0.842, | 0.818886 |
| 0.895, | 0.876211 |
| 0.947, | 0.936635 |
| 1.000, | 1.000000 |

